

Sketching Your World in Watercolor

Or Any other medium you may like!

> Arches, Details and Entourage

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Arches –there are many kinds.

Architectural Types Of Arches



ArchesWe will only look at the two most common arch types that we are likely to encounter.



Spring line

Roman Arches -





Gothic Arches -









Bridge arches -



Circular arches are often found in bridges.

Drawing circular arches -

Drawing a complete circle or ellipse is easier for most people.

Remember that you can use a square to help guide circle construction.

Or use a compass.



Elliptical arches

• 1- point perspective

Construction steps:

- 1. Find eye level and vanishing point.
- 2. Draw the back wall. Keep it low on the page.
- 3. Mark eye level and vanishing point.
- 4. Draw perspective guides at top of arch, spring line, bottom of arch .
- 5. Draw perspective guides for ceiling and floor levels.
- 6. Place ellipses and begin drawing.



Poles in perspective -



Elliptical arches – Arches in 2-point perspective

Draw perspective lines through: Top of arch Spring of arch. Bottom of arch. Mid-line of arch.

• Ellipses get smaller and narrower as they recede.



Arches - • Arches can be used to frame a composition.







Abstracting dense detail -





How much time do you have? What do you really need to show?



Abstracting dense detail -







Do not try for too much detail in a small sketch. 30% of what is there is enough.

Abstracting detail -

Squint and draw the light and dark shapes. Add a few connecting lines.

TRACT

Audley End Folly -



Abstracting dense detail -

Look for the main shapes.



Abstracting dense detail - Do not let extraneous detail detract from the

focal point.



Atmospherics – dots, sparkle, spatter and more!
Pen dots over a sketch can add some visual interest to a "flat" feeling sketch.





re 5 & The Great Wall Radaling China Pigma Micron 0.5 pen

Sparkle -



James Richards

Sparkle -

 Sparkle is the addition of small amounts of bright, often complementary color used to enliven a sketch.

> Red flowers added to provide a complementary contrast to the green tree. Complimentary colors add pop.

James Richards

Orange tree leaves

SX.

compliment the blue sky.

Spatter Works like atmospheric dots to bring vitality and energy to a drawing.

You can always try this if you think you have ruined a painting.





Heavy spatter -

A tooth brush is good for this technique.



Spatter -

- Spatter can be very controlled.
- The painting was carefully masked and dilute ink was dropped from a height.
- I practiced before doing this.



Spatter -

- Spatter grouped by color.
- This is probably toothbrush, wire screen spatter.



Spatter -

Spatter can be mono-chromatic and correspond to the color of the painting.



Spatter - Ink



Sandpaper scraping -

Scraped before painting.

Scraped before painting.

Scraped after painting.

Cauliflowers, runs and drops-



Cauliflowers and runs



Cloud and atmospheric lines -



Cloud and atmospheric lines -





More pen lines in the sky -



Sun flare -

- Sun flare, haze and highlights –
- Use pastel pencils or chalks.
- White, yellow and light blue are most useful.





Colored skies -

With complementary colors





Pencil stroke -

Similar directional strokes provide energy and unity to the sketch.



Pencil strokes and more sky lines -



Gel pens colored pencil, chalks and highlighter in the sky -



Pat Southern Pierce

Sky blotches -





Whites in the sky -



Charledon Blog. Oxforol WK. 27 Kw 19 or IN the style of John Ruskin.~.

Smeary strokes of watercolor -



Thur



Minimalist sky -



Put it all together and what happens??



Keep Sketching

St.Gilles--

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